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From Thursday September 21. to Saturday September 23. 1710.

By the QUEEN,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Diſſolving this preſent Parliament, and Declaring the Speedy Calling of another.

ANNE R.

WHereas *we have thought fit, for divers Weighty Conſiderations, by and with the Advice of our Privy-Council, to Diſſolve this preſent Parliament, which now ſtands Prorogued to* Tueſday *the Twenty ſixth Day of this Inſtant* September; *we do for that end Publiſh this our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby Diſſolve the ſaid Parliament accordingly: And the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgeſſes, and Commiſſioners for Shires and Burghs of the ſaid Parliament, are Diſcharg'd from their Meeting on the ſaid Twenty ſixth Day of this Inſtant* September. *And to the intent our good Subjects may perceive the Confidence we have in the Aſſurances they have given us of their Duty and Affection, and how deſirous we are to Meet our People, and have their Advice by their Repreſentatives in Parliament, we do hereby make known to our ſaid Subjects, That we do intend in ſome ſhort Time to give Directions to our Chancellor of* Great Britain, *to cauſe Writs to be Iſſued in Form of Law for the Calling a New Parliament.*

Given at our Court at *Kenſington*, the Twenty firſt Day of *September*, in the Ninth Year of our Reign.

God ſave the QUEEN.

At the Court at Kenſington, Sept. 21. 1710.

PRESENT,

The Queen's moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

THIS Day, by Her Majeſty's Command, the Right Honourable Lawrence Earl of Rocheſter was Sworn of Her Majeſty's moſt Honourable Privy-Council, purſuant to a late Act of Parliament in that Behalf, Entituled, *An Act for Rendring the Union of the Two Kingdoms more Entire and Compleat*; And was alſo by Her Majeſty declared Lord-Preſident of the Council, and took his Place at the Board accordingly.

This Day, by Her Majeſty's Command, his Grace John Duke of Buckingham and Normanby, Lord Steward of Her Majeſty's Houſhold, was Sworn of Her Majeſty's moſt Honourable Privy-Council, purſuant to a late Act of Parliament in that Behalf, Entituled, *An Act for Rendring the Union of the Two Kingdoms more Entire and Compleat*; and took his Place at the Board accordingly.

This Day the Right Honourable William Lord Berkeley of Stratton was, by Her Majeſty's Command, Sworn one of the Lords of Her Majeſty's moſt Honourable Privy-Council; and took his Place at the Board accordingly.

This Day the Right Honourable Henry St. John, Eſq; was, by Her Majeſty's Command, Sworn of Her Majeſty's moſt Honourable Privy-Council, and one of the Principal Secretaries of State to Her Majeſty; and took his Place at the Board accordingly.

From the Camp at St. André, September 25. *N. S.* On Monday the 22d Inſtant, a Detachment of one thouſand of the Enemy's Horſe came with a Deſign to beat up the Quarters of ſome of our General Officers of the Right near the Village of Rebeck, on the other ſide of the Lys; but were ſo well received by the Guard which covered the Village, and the Picket which came time enough to their Aſſiſtance, that we killed and wounded a great Number of them: The Peaſants of the Country have buried near two hundred and fifty, and we brought off twelve Officers, with two hundred and twenty Priſoners mounted, and about three hundred Horſes. We had on our ſide forty Men killed and wounded on this Occaſion. The Misfortune that happened lately to our Convoy, as it was coming up the Lys, appears much leſs than was reported; the Boats with Corn and Meal are preſerved, one hundred thouſand Pound of Powder was left at Gand, and of the Convoy there are not above two hundred miſſing, moſt of the Horſe having eſcaped; ſeveral of the Foot are got Home to their Garriſons, and above ſix hundred are Priſoners at Ypres, and will be exchanged this Day, and ſent to their reſpective Regiments. On Tueſday a Detachment of twelve Squadrons and nine Battalions marched from the Army, with Orders to encamp near St. Eloy-Vive, and a good Number of Peaſants are ordered from the adjacent Villages, to weigh up the Boats that are ſunk with Ball and Bomb-ſhells, and to clear the Paſſage of the Lys, which may be effected in four or five Days time. Another Detachment of fifteen hundred Horſe and one thouſand Foot marched Yeſterday Morning towards Warneton, for the Security of a Convoy of Ammunition which is coming from Liſle. Our Approaches at the Siege of Aire go on as well as can be expected; on the ſide of St. Quentin the Inundations are run off with ſo good Succeſs, that the Meadows are now paſſable. On Tueſday at Noon we attacked the Redoubt on the Right, which we carried with very little Reſiſtance and Loſs: The Enemy ſent out a Body of Troops to ſuſtain it, and a good Number of Officers, who were then at Dinner with Monſieur de Goesbriand, the Governor, came with them as Volunteers; but as they paſſed under the fire of our Batteries and Parallel, the greateſt part of them were either killed or wounded; we took a Colonel of Dragoons Priſoner, and are now making the Diſpoſitions to Attack the Redoubt on the Left. On the ſide of Lambré we are lodged on the outer Ditch on the Left, and advanced within a few Paces of it on the Right, where the Water's breaking into our Trenches had ſomewhat retarded us. The Enemy